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File No: J-11011/690/2008-IA-II(I)
Government of India
Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change
IA Division



Date 03/06/2026



To,

Sh. Girish Jaggnath Jagtap
M/s KARMAVEER SHANKARRAO KALE SAHAKARI SAKHAR KARKHANA LTD
Gautamnagar Post:Kolpewadi Tal:Kopargaon Dist: Ahmednagar, Gautam nagar, AHMEDNAGAR,
MAHARASHTRA, Gautam nagar, 423602
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Subject: Expansion project of sugar unit from 4,000 TCD to 7,500 TCD & molasses/Sugarcane juice/syrup based distillery from 45 to 120 KLPD located at Village Gautamnagar, Post – Kolpewadi Tehsil Kopargaon, District Ahilya Nagar (previously Ahmednagar) State Maharashtra by M/s Karmaveer Shakarrao Kale Sahakari Sakhar Karkhana Ltd. - Grant of prior Environmental Clearance (EC) to the proposed project under the provision of the EIA Notification 2006 regarding.

Sir/Madam,

This is in reference to your application submitted to MoEF&CC vide proposal number IA/MH/IND2/551374/2026 dated 18/03/2026 for grant of prior Environmental Clearance (EC) to the proposed project under the provision of the EIA Notification 2006 and as amended thereof.

2. The particulars of the proposal are as below :

(i) EC Identification No.	EC25A2506MH5213028N
(ii) File No.	J-11011/690/2008-IA-II(I)
(iii) Clearance Type	Fresh EC
(iv) Category	A
(v) Project/Activity Included Schedule No.	5(j) Sugar Industry,5(g) Distilleries,5(j) Sugar Industry
(vi) Sector	Industrial Projects - 2
(vii) Name of Project	EXPANSION OF SUGAR UNIT FROM 4,000 TCD TO 7,500 TCD AND MOLASSES BASED DISTILLERY UNIT FROM 45 KLPD TO 120 KLPD by M/s Karmaveer Shankarrao Kale Sahakari Sakhar Karkhana Ltd.



(viii) Name of Company/Organization

KARMAVEER SHANKARRAO KALE
SAHAKARI SAKHAR KARKHANA LTD

(ix) Location of Project (District, State)

AHMEDNAGAR, MAHARASHTRA

(x) Issuing Authority

MoEF&CC

(xi) Applicability of General Conditions as per
EIA Notification, 2006

No

3. The Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change has examined the proposal seeking environmental clearance for expansion project of sugar unit from 4,000 TCD to 7,500 TCD & molasses/Sugarcane juice/syrup based distillery from 45 to 120 KLPD Located at Village Gautamnagar, Post – Kolpewadi Tehsil Kopargaon, District Ahilya Nagar (previously Ahmednagar) State Maharashtra by M/s Karmaveer Shakar Rao Kale Sahakari Sakhar Karkhana Ltd.

4. All project activities / products are listed at 5(j) sugar and '5(g)' Distilleries of Schedule of Environment Impact Assessment (EIA) Notification under category 'A' and are appraised at Central Level.

5. The details of products and capacity are as under:

A. Sugar		Unit	Existing	Proposed	Total
Product					
Sugar (Recovery@11.5%)		(TPD)	460	402.5	862.5
By-products					
Bagasse @ 28.0%,		TPD	1120	980	2,100
*Molasses 'C' @5 %, OR		TPD	200	175	375
Molasses 'B' @6%,		TPD	240	210	450
Press mud @4 %,		TPD	160	140	300
B. Distillery					
Rectified spirit / ENA / Anhydrous Alcohol		KLPD	45	75	120
By-product					
Fusel oil		L/day	180	300	480

* Molasses generation at the maximum rate is considered for calculations.

6. Ministry has issued Environmental Clearance to the existing capacity EC for expansion of Molasses based Distillery Unit from 30 KLPD to 45 KLPD vide File No J-11011/690/2008-IA-II(I) dated January 30, 2009. Compliance report of existing EC has been obtained from Integrated Regional Office, MoEFCC vide letter EC-1075/RoN/2019-NGP/14197 vide letter dated 24th April, 2025. The EAC noted that no major non-compliances or partial compliances were highlighted in the CCR. Accordingly, EAC was satisfied on the above. The Distillery Unit's latest CTO was issued on 18.09.2025 and is valid until 31/08/2026.

The EAC noted that the existing sugar unit of capacity 4000 TCD and Cogen Power Plant of 8 MW has been operating on the basis of CTO. Latest CTO has been issued by SPCB vide Consent No. 0000211444/CR/2410002474 dated 25th October, 2024.

7. Standard Terms of Reference have been obtained vide F. No. J-11011/690/2008-1A-II(I) dated 30/06/2023. PP informed that there is no litigation is pending against the project.

Public Hearing for the proposed project had been conducted by the Maharashtra Pollution Control Board on August 20, 2024 at factory site, Gautamnagar, Post- Kolpewadi, Tal- Kopargaon, Dist. Ahmednagar, Maharashtra chaired by District Collector Ahmednagar. The main issues raised during the public hearing and their action plan:

Sr. No	Issue raised during public hearing	Response/Applicant plan for its compliance/ implementation	Assurance and Budget allocation for implementation (Rs. In lakhs)
1.	Sugarcane crops of local farmers are not lifted for crushing on time. Local farmers are suffering losses due to non-sale of sugarcane on time.	The management of SSSKL has decided to enhance the existing sugar crushing capacity from 4,000 to 7,500 TCD.	The estimated capital cost of the proposed project is Rs. 21,828 Lakhs (Rs. 218.28 Cr) Including Sugar & Distillery Unit expansion and cost of EMP of the same.
2.	Effluent treatment and its disposal	The ETP capacity will be enhanced to 1600 m ³ /day, to manage sugar mill effluents. Additionally, a CPU will be installed to treat process condensate. Treated water will be reused to reduce freshwater dependency. For distillery -Evaporation followed by incineration will be installed for ZLD of spent wash. For spent lees, condensate and other effluent – CPU (two stage biological treatment followed by tertiary treatment). Domestic wastewater, estimated at 70-75 m ³ /day, will also be treated in the sugar mill ETP	EMP budget towards effluent/wastewater treatment of sugar unit will be Rs. 350 Lakhs (Rs.3.5 Cr) and Rs. 43.10 Cr for distillery wastewater treatment and disposal.
3.	Drip irrigation scheme needs to be expanded to increase sugarcane production.	The Management is promoting sugarcane cultivation through incentives, for drip irrigation by providing financial assistance to its member farmers. This effort will help to save huge amount of irrigation water improved agricultural practices, and supportive policies will ensure a steady supply, benefiting both the factory and local farmers.	Assurance: The factory management provides this help through its agriculture department (Cane development activity). Number of beneficiaries vary every year. It will continue to provide financial assistance to the farmer for installation of drip irrigation.
4.	Will the industry further increase the income of the factory by saving on the cost of spirits by this expansion project?	The expansion of distillery unit from 45 to 120 KLPD allows for better utilization of by-products like molasses and bagasse, reducing operational costs and enabling economies of scale. The	Assurance: The management is always of the view to utilize the available resources and the infrastructure to its optimum level. This is to ensure sustainable development as well as enhancing

		factory can save costs and generate additional revenue, making the expansion financially beneficial.	profits/income from the industrial complex.
5.	Suggestion for greenbelt development through fruit bearing plants. Also, skill development training program for local unemployed youths for job opportunities in this project.	Greenbelt will be developed by using local species which already consist some fruit bearing and medicinal value plants. Budgetary provision for the same is made for the greenbelt development. Training to local youth is planned based on the needs and requirements of locals. Local candidates are always preferred for job;	Budgetary provision for Greenbelt development- Rs. 40 Lac. Provision of Rs. 21 lakhs is made for training of local youth. Budgetary allocation- Rs. 171 Lac is towards Environmental and social activities.

PP has informed that no written representations/suggestions were received for the Public Hearing conducted.

8. Total land area is 42.61 hectares. Greenbelt will be developed in total area of 14.15 - hectares i.e., 34 % of total project area. The estimated project cost is Rs. 218.28 Crores. Capital cost of EMP for Sugar unit would be Rs. 4.70 Crores and Capital cost of EMP for Distillery unit would be Rs. 55.20 Crores and recurring cost for EMP would be Rs.1.73 Crores per annum. Industry proposes to allocate Rs. 1.71 Crores towards Extended EMP (Corporate Environment Responsibility). Total Employment will be 74 persons as direct and 30-35 persons as indirect.

9. There are no national parks, wildlife sanctuaries, Biosphere Reserves, Tiger/Elephant Reserves, Wildlife Corridors, Reserve forests, wildlife sanctuary etc. within 10 km distance from project site. Water bodies: Godavari river is at a distance of 3.4 Km in North East direction.

10. Ambient air quality monitoring was carried out at 8 locations during 1 March 2023 to 31 May 2023 and the baseline data indicates the ranges of concentrations as: PM10 (49.17 to 65.42 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$), PM2.5 (21.01 to 33.75 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$), SO2 (6.81 to 19.69 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$) and NO2 (19.11 to 30.39 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$). AAQ modelling study for point source emissions indicates that the maximum incremental GLCs after the proposed project would be 3.049 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$, 7.004 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$, and 2.33 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ with respect to PM10, PM2.5, and SO2. The resultant concentrations are within the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS).

11. Total fresh water requirement after expansion Sugar unit will be 292 CMD and distillery unit will be 453 CMD which will be met from Godavari right canal. NOC has been obtained by vide letter no. 897 dated 07/11/2022 Existing effluent generation is 800 CMD which is treated through ETP of capacity 850 CMD. Proposed effluent generation will be treated through modernization and upgradation of existing ETP, to the capacity of 1600 CMD. For sugar mill effluent: ETP (Existing ETP will be upgraded and CPU will be installed for condensate treatment). For distillery spent wash: Evaporation/concentration (MEE) followed by incineration proposed for ZLD. For spent lees, condensate and other effluent: Two stage biological treatment followed by tertiary treatment (CPU) Domestic wastewater (Sewage) will be treated in sugar ETP Zero Liquid Discharge (ZLD) for distillery unit.

12. Total power requirement of distillery Unit after expansion will be 2.5 MW and sugar mill after

expansion will be 7.5 MW which will be sourced from Source: Captive from 8 MW TGS. Existing scenario one 100 TPH boiler with stack of height 72 m and Electro Static Precipitator (ESP) as air pollution control device for sugar unit Existing 15 TPH boiler with stack height of 72 m and Electro Static Precipitator (ESP) as air pollution control device for distillery unit. Proposed scenario: one 100 TPH Boiler with ESP and 1 one 30 TPH boiler (existing standby) with wet scrubber as air pollution control device both (existing 100 TPH and new 30 TPH boilers) will be attached to stack of height 72 m for sugar unit and New 30 TPH multi-fuel (coal/bagasse and spent wash) incineration boiler or existing 15 TPH and new 15 TPH incineration boiler with stack height of 72 m and Electro Static Precipitator (ESP) as air pollution control device will be used for distillery unit. Bagasse will be used as a fuel for sugar unit boiler.

13. Details of Process emissions generation and its management:

Flue gases from incineration boiler (due to burning of spent wash with coal and/or bagasse) and sugar unit boiler (burning of bagasse).

Distillery unit:

- Total ash generation = 37.79 TPD = 1574.58 Kg/h = 437.38 g/s. Estimated Fly Ash emission = 3.5 g/s. Sulphur dioxide (SO₂) emissions = 11.0 g/s.

Sugar and Cogeneration unit:

- Total ash generation = 10.90 TPD (454.16 Kg/h) = 126.15 g/s. Estimated Fly Ash emission = 0.75 g/s. Estimated Sulphur dioxide (theoretical) = 1.01 g/sec.
- Existing two stacks 72m height with separate ESP for both unit (sugar and distillery), and greenbelt of 14.15 Ha - as a control, mitigation measure.

14. Details of Solid waste/ Hazardous waste generation and its management:

The proposed expansion will increase in generates solid waste in the form of yeast and CPU sludge, ash.

#	Waste	Quantity TPD	Treatment	Disposal	Remark
Sugar Unit					
1	Sugar ETP sludge (TPD)	2.5	Drying	Land Application	Organic + Inorganic
2	Ash (TPD)	25.9	Mix with press mud	Used as a soil enriching material	Inorganic
Distillery					
1	Yeast sludge (wet weight)	1.5	Drying in SDB	Used as a soil enriching material	Organic
2	Incineration Boiler Ash				
	Concentrated spent wash (@18%)	39.28	-	Sold to brick manufacturing unit	Inorganic
Coal ash (@35%) OR	21.29	-			

	Impure ash (0.2%)	3.3		Used as a soil enriching material	Inorganic
3	CFB sludge (wet weight) 11%	1.1	Thyng in BDM		Organic

Hazardous Waste:

The only hazardous waste generated will be scrap oil from DG set, automobiles, gears etc. Since the DG set will run only in case of failure of regular power supply. The quantity of used or scrap oil will be low and has been assumed to be around 2000-3000 LPA. This will be stored in leak proof drums in storage yard. This will be disposed periodically by burning in boiler furnace along with fuel.

Capital cost and recurring cost of EMP are given below:

#	Particulars	Capital cost in Lakh
Sugar unit		
1	Sugar FIP Up-gradation	150.00
2	Upgradation of fuel handling system	80.00
3	Upgradation of ash handling system	40.00
4	Condensate polishing unit	200.00
Distillery unit		
1	Multi Effect Evaporator (MEE)	900.00
2	Incineration boiler with electrostatic precipitator	3500.00
3	Fuel handling system	70.00
4	Ash handling system	90.00
5	Coal and bagasse yard	30.00
6	Spent-wash storage tanks	110.00
7	Upgradation of Condensate polishing unit	100.00
8	CO ₂ Bottling	155.00
9	Environmental monitoring and management for Sugar and distillery unit	25.00
10	Greenbelt development for Sugar and distillery unit	40.00
11	Rainwater harvesting for Sugar and distillery unit	30.00
	Total	5520.00
Recurring Expenses/ Annum for Environment Management		
1	Salaries and wages	75.00
2	Maintenance @1.5% on capital investment for EMP i.e. Rs. 5520	83.00
3	Miscellaneous/contingency	15.00
	Total	173.00
	D. Additional Provision towards CER (0.75 % of capital investment)	171.00

Details of Extended EMP with proposed activities and budgetary allocation:

CSR activity head	Year			TOTAL
	1 st	2 nd	3 rd	
	Budgetary provision (Rs. in lakhs)			
Improvement in social infrastructure	20	15	15	50
Provision of rooftop solar system in local schools	10	10	10	30
Provision for green belt development in nearby villages	10	10	10	30
Provision of clean drinking water facility in local schools and villages	15	15	10	40
Infrastructure Development/Maintenance (Eg. Road, canal maintenance, etc)	5	7	9	21
Training, camps, exhibition for local youth and farmers				
TOTAL BUDGETARY ALLOCATION FOR NEXT THREE YEARS (0.75% of the capital budget)				171

15. During deliberations, EAC discussed following issues:

- EAC asked PP to revise the Extended EMP and submit detailed process emission management; Accordingly PP has submitted the same.
- The EAC observed that the bagasse storage area was not covered, which may lead to fugitive emissions. The PP has submitted an undertaking stating that the bagasse storage yard will be enclosed/covered within three months.

The committee was satisfied with the response provided by PP on above information. Further, Committee desired to submit the above information in writing. Accordingly, PP has submitted the desired information and EAC found the information/commitments satisfactory.

16. The proposal was considered by the EAC (ID: EC/AGENDA/EAC/551367/4/2026) meeting held on 28th – 29th April, 2026 in the Ministry, wherein the project proponent and the accredited Consultant M/s Vasantdada Sugar Institute (NABET certificate no. NABET/EIA/24-27/RA 0336, and validity 14 March 2027), presented the case. The Committee recommended the project for grant of Environmental Clearance.

17. The EAC, constituted under the provision of the EIA Notification, 2006 and comprising of Experts Members/domain experts in various fields, have examined the proposal submitted by the Project Proponent in desired form along with the EIA/EMP report prepared and submitted by the Consultant accredited by the QCI/ NABET on behalf of the Project Proponent. The EAC noted that the Project Proponent has given undertaking that the data and information given in the application and enclosures are true to the best of his knowledge and belief and no information has been suppressed in the EIA/EMP report. If any part of data/information submitted is found to be false/ misleading at any stage, the project will be rejected and Environmental Clearance given, if any, will be revoked at the risk and cost of the project proponent.

18. The Committee noted that the EIA/EMP report is in compliance of the ToR issued for the project, reflecting the present environmental concerns and the projected scenario for all the environmental components. The Committee has found the baseline data is within NAAQ standards. The Committee has

S. No	EC Conditions
	MoEF&CC. The ground water quality monitoring for pH, BOD, COD, Chloride, Sulphate, colour and Total Dissolve Solids shall be monitored and report submitted to the Ministry's Regional Office.
1.7	APCE as ESPs with stack of height of 72 m each is installed with five fields for controlling the particulate emissions within the statutory limit of 50 mg/Nm ³ for existing 100 TPH bagasse fired boilers & 15 TPH incineration boiler. For the proposed 15 TPH incineration boiler and existing 15TPH incineration boiler or proposed 30 TPH incineration boiler for distillery after expansion, existing 72 m stack shall be used. For the proposed incineration boiler in the distillery separate APCE as ESP (five field) shall be installed for controlling the particulate emissions within the statutory limit of 50 mg/Nm ³ . Coal used as a fuel should not contain sulphur more than 0.5%. At no time, the emission levels shall exceed the prescribed standards. In the event of failure of any pollution control system adopted by the unit, the respective unit shall not be restarted until the control measures are rectified to achieve the desired efficiency. Performance assessment of pollution control devices/ systems will be conducted annually.
1.8	The DG sets used for power requirements shall comply with the latest CPCB norms.
1.9	Boiler ash 25.9 TPD from Sugar & Cogen plant shall be used as manure. Boiler ash 60.57 TPD from distillery shall be used for brick manufacturing. PP shall install 15 % of the total power requirement in the form of solar power inside plant premises/adjacent/nearby areas. The PP shall ensure that the bagasse storage area is properly enclosed/covered to prevent fugitive emissions. The enclosure/covering of the bagasse storage yard shall be completed within a period of three months from the date of issuance of this EC.
1.10	CO ₂ (64 TPD) generated during the fermentation process will be collected by utilizing CO ₂ scrubbers in the proposed bottling plant and sold to beverage industry.
1.11	PP shall allocate at least Rs. 0.40 Crores proposed as a capital cost and Rs. 0.01 Crore as recurring cost for Occupational Health Safety. Occupational Health Centre for surveillance of the worker's health shall be set up. The health data shall be used in deploying the duties of the workers. All workers & employees shall be provided with required safety kits/mask for personal protection.
1.12	Training shall be imparted to all employees on safety and health aspects of chemicals handling. Safety and visual reality training shall be provided to employees.
1.13	The unit shall make arrangement for protection of possible fire hazards during manufacturing process in material handling. Fire-fighting system shall be as per the norms. PESO certificate shall be obtained. Location of ethanol storage tanks shall be placed in such a way that in the event of any fire, accident, explosion or any unforeseen conditions the impact of such event should not go beyond the boundary of the plant, i.e., the risk should be tolerable (acceptable) at the boundary. PP shall adhere to OISD standards specifically OISD-STD-108 & 129.
1.14	Company shall maintain an Emergency Response Decision support system in such a way so that identification of the detector's network for the location of the leak source and the probable leaked quantity in real-time, followed by modelling of the dispersion of the plume and consequences as forecast is done in advance and thus, no leak accident may go unattended. Accordingly, Risk Mitigation plan shall be in place.
1.15	Company shall determine the distance of fire hydrant while finalizing its location from ethanol

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	storage tanks or any other hazardous storage substance shall be based on dispersion of Thermal Radiation so that during any unforeseen situation fire hydrant is always available to operate manually.
1.16	Process organic residue and spent carbon, if any, shall be sent to Cement and other suitable industries for its incinerations. ETP sludge, process inorganic & evaporation salt shall be disposed of to the TSDF.
1.17	The company shall undertake waste minimization measures as below: (a) Metering and control of quantities of active ingredients to minimize waste, (b) Reuse of by-products from the process as raw materials or as raw material substitutes in other processes, (c) Use of automated filling to minimize spillage, (d) Use of Close Feed system into batch reactors, (e) Venting equipment through vapour recovery system, (f) Use of high pressure hoses for equipment clearing to reduce wastewater generation.
1.18	Greenbelt of at least 5-10 m width shall be developed in 14.15 hectares, i.e., 34% of total project area with tree density @ 2500 trees per hectare, mainly along the plant periphery. Indigenous species shall only be planted as part of greenbelt and non-indigenous / alien species shall be replaced with native species. No invasive or alien or non-native tree species shall be selected for plantation. PP shall plant at least 20 variety of species as a part of greenbelt. Saplings 4-6 feet high shall be planted. Selection of plant species shall be as per the CPCB guidelines in consultation with the State Forest Department and native species shall be developed. No cutting of existing trees is permitted. Records of tree canopy shall be monitored through remote sensing map. Trees shall be planted in the Green Belt under the campaign #Plant4Mother #एक पेड़ माँ के नाम and uploaded on the MeriLiFE portal (https://merilife.nic.in/).
1.19	PP proposed to allocate Rs. 1.71 Crores towards Extended EMP which shall be spent as submitted in Extended EMP. Further, all the proposed activities under CER shall be carried out in consultation with District Administration and completed before commissioning of the plant.
1.20	There shall be adequate space inside the plant premises earmarked for parking of vehicles for raw materials and finished products and no parking to be allowed outside on public places. At least 15% of total project area shall be allotted solely for parking purposes with facilities like rest rooms etc.
1.21	Storage of raw materials shall be either in silos or in covered areas to prevent dust pollution and other fugitive emissions. All stockpiles should be constructed over impervious soil and garland drains with catch pits to trap runoff material shall be provided. Biomass shall be stored in covered sheds and wind breaking walls/curtains provided around biomass storage area to prevent its suspension during high wind speed. All Internal roads shall be paved. Industrial vacuum cleaner shall be provided to sweep the internal roads. The Air Pollution Control System shall be interlocked with process plant/machinery for shutdown in case of operational failure of Air Pollution Control Equipment.
1.22	Continuous online (24x7) monitoring system for stack emissions/effluent shall be installed for measurement of flue gas discharge and the pollutants concentration, and the data to be transmitted to the CPCB and SPCB server. For online continuous monitoring of effluent, the unit shall install web camera with night vision capability and flow meters in the channel/drain carrying effluent within the premises.
1.23	A separate Environmental Management Cell (having qualified person with Environmental Science /

S. No	EC Conditions
	Environmental Engineering /specialization in the project area) equipped with full-fledged laboratory facilities shall be set up to carry out the Environmental Management and Monitoring functions. EMC head shall report directly to Head of Organization/ Director/CEO as per company hierarchy.
1.24	PP shall sensitize and create awareness among the people working within the project area as well as its surrounding area on the ban of Single Use Plastic in order to ensure the compliance of Notification published by MoEFCC on 12 th August, 2021. A report along with photographs on the measures taken shall also be included in the six-monthly compliance report being submitted to concerned authority.

Standard EC Conditions for (Distilleries)

I. General Conditions

S. No	EC Conditions
1.1	No further expansion or modifications in the plant, other than mentioned in the EIA Notification, 2006 and its amendments, shall be carried out without prior approval of the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change/SEIAA, as applicable. In case of deviations or alterations in the project proposal from those submitted to this Ministry for clearance, a fresh reference shall be made to the Ministry/SEIAA, as applicable, to assess the adequacy of conditions imposed and to add additional environmental protection measures required, if any.
1.2	The energy source for lighting purpose shall be preferably LED based, or advanced having preference in energy conservation and environment betterment.
1.3	The overall noise levels in and around the plant area shall be kept well within the standards by providing noise control measures including acoustic hoods, silencers, enclosures etc. on all sources of noise generation. The ambient noise levels shall conform to the standards prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 Rules, 1989 viz. 75 dBA (day time) and 70 dBA (night time).
1.4	The company shall undertake all relevant measures for improving the socio-economic conditions of the surrounding area. CER activities shall be undertaken by involving local villages and administration and shall be implemented. The company shall undertake eco-developmental measures including community welfare measures in the project area for the overall improvement of the environment.
1.5	The company shall earmark sufficient funds towards capital cost and recurring cost per annum to implement the conditions stipulated by the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change as well as the State Government along with the implementation schedule for all the conditions stipulated herein. The funds so earmarked for environment management/ pollution control measures shall not be diverted for any other purpose.
1.6	A copy of the clearance letter shall be sent by the project proponent to concerned Panchayat, Zilla Parishad/Municipal Corporation, Urban local Body and the local NGO, if any, from whom suggestions/ representations, if any, were received while processing the proposal.
1.7	The project proponent shall also submit six monthly reports on the status of compliance of the stipulated Environmental Clearance conditions including results of monitored data (both in hard

S. No	EC Conditions
	copies as well as by e-mail) to the respective Regional Office of MoEF&CC, the respective Zonal Office of CPCB and SPCB. A copy of Environmental Clearance and six monthly compliance status report shall be posted on the website of the company
1.8	The environmental statement for each financial year ending 31st March in Form-V as is mandated shall be submitted to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently, shall also be put on the website of the company along with the status of compliance of environmental clearance conditions and shall also be sent to the respective Regional Offices of MoEF&CC by e-mail.
1.9	The project proponent shall inform the public that the project has been accorded environmental clearance by the Ministry and copies of the clearance letter are available with the SPCB/Committee and may also be seen at Website of the Ministry and at https://parivesh.nic.in/ . This shall be advertised within seven days from the date of issue of the clearance letter, at least in two local newspapers that are widely circulated in the region of which one shall be in the vernacular language of the locality concerned and a copy of the same shall be forwarded to the concerned Regional Office of the Ministry.
1.10	The project authorities shall inform the Regional Office as well as the Ministry, the date of financial closure and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities and the date of start of the project.
1.11	This Environmental clearance is granted subject to final outcome of Hon'ble Supreme Court of India, Hon'ble High Court, Hon'ble NGT and any other Court of Law, if any, as may be applicable to this project.

Signed by
Vimal Kumar Hatwal



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